



KAPLAN

INTERNATIONAL
PATHWAYS



UK Student visa application guide for new students

► kaplanpathways.com/visa-advice

Congratulations on your offer to study with us! We look forward to welcoming you to the college. This guide will show you how to successfully apply for your Student visa.

This guide is for new students who are applying for permission to enter the UK from overseas. Please ensure you read through this advice carefully. If you do not follow this guidance, you may receive a visa refusal. If you have any questions or require further information, please speak to your Kaplan representative. Remember, we are here to help you in any way we can!

When do I apply for my visa?

Once you have met the conditions of your offer, and paid the deposit, you will be eligible to receive a Confirmation of Acceptance for Studies (CAS) number. You will need the CAS number in order to make your visa application. You can apply up to 6 months before your course start date if you are applying outside UK, and up to 3 months before your course start date if you are applying in the UK.

Visa and immigration rules change regularly!*

Check the UK Visas & Immigration (UKVI) website: gov.uk/student-visa

* It is the sole responsibility of the student to arrange all applicable travel permits or visas and to have a valid passport and leave to remain for the whole period of study. In no way shall Kaplan International Pathways be responsible or liable to the student in respect to or in connection with the required travel permit or visa (including rejected and refused applications).



NEW: eVisas

As of 31 October 2024, students no longer receive a Biometric Residence Permit (BRP) when applying for a Student visa. From 15 July 2025, Entry Clearance visa stickers are also no longer issued in passports. Instead, you will receive an eVisa, which is an online record of your immigration status. To access your visa, you will need to have a UKVI account. For more details, visit: gov.uk/guidance/online-immigration-status-evisa

Do I need a Student visa?

If you are applying for a course that is more than six months in duration, you will need to apply for a student visa if you do not have a UK or Irish passport, or valid permission to stay in the UK.

The visa will be valid from 1 week before the date of travel stated on your visa application form (up to 1 month before the course start date). The visa will also allow you an extra period of time at the end for you to pack and leave the UK (if you are required to). If you have a current UK visa of any category, please send a copy of it to your Kaplan representative so we can check if you will be able to study in the UK.

Important Information for EU, EEA, and Swiss nationals

If you have an EU, EEA, or Swiss passport, you will still need to apply for a Student visa unless you have Pre-Settled or Settled status in the UK.

Can I apply in the UK?

You will only be able to apply in the UK if:

- This is allowed under your current visa category (please note visitor and short-term student visa holders cannot apply in the UK)
- You meet the UKVI academic progression requirements
- Your new course will start within 28 days of your current visa expiring

If you are currently in the UK, please contact us for further advice.

Fees to apply

Currently, the fee for a Student visa application made from outside the UK is £524. Applicants who choose the priority service will have to pay an additional fee. Fees correct at time of publishing - for the latest fees please visit gov.uk/visa-fees

Fake documents

It is very important that you do not submit any documents that are fraudulent, falsified, or give any information that is false or misleading. It is better to not submit something than to submit something fake. If you do use a fake document, not only will your application be refused, you could be banned from applying for a UK visa for 10 years.

How do I apply for my visa?:

Step 1: Apply for your course. You will receive an unconditional offer when you meet all the conditions.

Step 2: To accept your unconditional offer, pay the deposit. You will then be sent your CAS after providing us with all required documents.

Step 3: When you receive your CAS, make an account using this website: gov.uk/student-visa/apply. You can then start your application for a Student visa.

Step 4: Pay the visa application fee and immigration health surcharge online, upload your visa application documents and book your appointment.

Step 5: Go to the visa application centre to submit all your documents, and have your fingerprints and photo taken. You might be required to have an interview. EEA and Swiss nationals will apply using the UK Immigration: ID Check smartphone app and will not need to go to an appointment.

Step 6: Wait 1-4 weeks for the decision - timescales are dependent on the visa service you choose (standard/priority/super priority) and UKVI visa processing times.

Step 7: If your application is successful and you are granted permission, you will receive an email from UKVI on how to create your UKVI account and access your eVisa. If you are granted permission for up to 6 months, you will need to go to the Visa Application Centre to collect your passport with your new visa.

Step 8: Once you have access to your eVisa, check the details are correct. Make sure you link your travel document (e.g., passport) to your eVisa before travelling. [Get a share code to prove your immigration status online.](#)

What is a CAS statement?

CAS stands for Confirmation of Acceptance for Studies – it contains key information about you and your course. You will need your unique CAS number for your visa application.

The CAS shows:

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---|
| • your name | • gender | • SELT score or other English language assessment |
| • name of course | • nationality | • tuition fees |
| • accommodation fees | • country of birth | • tuition fees paid |
| • accommodation fees paid | • course start date | • your academic documents |
| • date of birth | • course end date | |

Please note: your CAS statement is an electronic document that we will send to you via email. You will not receive a paper copy.

When do I get my CAS?

If you have an academic agent, they will arrange for you to receive your CAS. If you do not, a visa counsellor or a Kaplan staff member will contact you to send information or copies of the appropriate documents from the list. Once you have sent the documents, and the visa counsellor has confirmed that there are no issues, your CAS will be requested.

We issue CAS in 1 working day as long as all required information and documents are present. The earliest you can apply for your visa is 6 months before your new course starts (3 months if you are applying in the UK).

Processing times

The standard visa processing time is 15 working days, but can take longer in some cases. Once you've submitted your application, you can check the expected decision date here: gov.uk/check-visa-processing-time

In many countries, priority service and super priority services may also be available for an extra fee. These services enable applicants with no previous immigration issues to receive a decision within 5 working days with the priority service, or within 1 working day with super priority service.

Documents required for all students

Document type	Tick if you have it
CAS (Confirmation of Acceptance for Studies)	
Current valid passport, details matching those on the CAS	

Documents required for some students

Document type	Tick if required	Tick if you have it
Any previous passport / travel document used for travel to the UK		
UKVI Tuberculosis (TB) certificate		
Academic certificate / transcript matching what is written on your CAS		
Secure English Language Test (SELT) certificate if listed on your CAS		
Evidence of your English language level if not using a SELT		
Letter of parental consent (only required for students under 18)		
Official translations of any document not issued in English		
Financial documentation showing you have the required funds, held in your own name		
Financial documentation showing you have the required funds, held in the name of your parent(s) or legal guardian and:		
i. Birth certificate (or local equivalent), or legal adoption certificate		
ii. Letter of authority from your parent(s)		
Parental salary evidence if previously requested		
Proof of additional source of funds if previously requested		
Written consent from your Official Financial sponsor if you have been fully sponsored within the last 12 months		
Financial guarantee letter for visa purposes from an official financial sponsor previously approved		
Evidence of marital status if not unmarried		

Differential evidence requirement: Countries With Different Document Requirements

Certain countries have differential evidence requirements for student visa applications. This means that when you submit your visa application, you do not need to provide your academic qualifications and financial evidence.

You will still have to prepare all these documents, as UKVI reserve the right to request these documents at any time during the processing of applications. If you are unable to provide them, or the documents are not suitable, then you will be refused. To avoid refusal, your academic agent or the visa counsellor will check all documents for students.

Nationals of the following countries are subject to the differential evidence requirement:

• Australia	• France	• New Zealand
• Austria	• Germany	• Norway
• Bahrain	• Greece	• Oman
• Barbados	• Hungary	• Peru
• Belgium	• Iceland	• Poland
• Botswana	• Indonesia	• Portugal
• Brazil	• Ireland	• Qatar
• Brunei	• Italy	• Romania
• Bulgaria	• Japan	• Serbia
• Cambodia	• Kazakhstan	• Singapore
• Canada	• Kuwait	• Slovakia
• Chile	• Latvia	• Slovenia
• China	• Liechtenstein	• South Korea
• Croatia	• Lithuania	• Spain
• Republic of Cyprus	• Luxembourg	• Sweden
• Czech Republic	• Malaysia	• Switzerland
• Denmark	• Malta	• Thailand
• The Dominican Republic	• Mauritius	• Tunisia
• Estonia	• Mexico	• United Arab Emirates
• Finland	• Netherlands	• United States of America

In addition, British National (Overseas), Hong Kong and Taiwanese passport holders are also subject to the differential evidence requirement if applying from the relevant territory or from within the UK.

For more information, visit: gov.uk/guidance/immigration-rules/appendix-student

Financial requirements

For a Student visa, you must demonstrate that you have enough money to pay your tuition fees and living costs. You must demonstrate that you have enough money to pay your tuition fees and living costs. This could mean providing a bank statement if you are self-funded, or providing a financial guarantee if you are sponsored. If you are applying for permission to stay in the UK and you have already been in the UK for more than 12 months, you will not need to provide financial evidence.

Funding method 1: Self-funded

To demonstrate that you can pay the tuition, UKVI will subtract the tuition fees paid on the CAS from your tuition fees for the first year of the course. You will have to show at least the amount calculated in the bank account.

In addition, you are required to show that you have a set amount of money for each month you will be in the UK (living costs). You only need to show that you have the required amount for up to 9 months, even if your course is longer than 9 months.

Finance requirements:

For KIC London = £1,529 per month up to a maximum of 9 months.

For all other colleges = £1,171 per month up to a maximum of 9 months.

If you have paid a deposit for Kaplan accommodation, you can subtract this amount (up to a maximum of £1,529) from the financial requirement.

The money has to have been available for 28 days, and should stay available throughout the visa application process.

Example:

You will study a 2-term Foundation Certificate in Business, Law and Social Sciences. The course is outside of London, and starts in September and finishes in June. The fees are £13,900 and you have paid £5,000.

Tuition fees = £13,900 - £5,000 = £8,900

Living costs = £1,171 x 9 months = £10,539

Total money required = £19,439*

* Total amount to be shown = living costs + the amount of unpaid tuition.

Please note: if the currency is not GBP, please use [oanda.com/currency/converter](https://www.oanda.com/currency/converter) to check that the amount held is enough when converted to GBP. We recommend you allow £500 extra in case of major currency fluctuations.

If your currency does not appear on [oanda.com](https://www.oanda.com) you can use the FCDO Consular Exchange Rate available at [gov.uk/government/publications/fco-consular-services-abroad-exchange-rates](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/fco-consular-services-abroad-exchange-rates).

Funding method 1: Self-funded

In order to show that the funds are available, you will need to provide either a bank statement, or a bank letter. You will be provided with a bank letter sample by the visa counsellor. If you use a bank letter, it must follow the sample, otherwise it will not be acceptable.

The bank statement must:

- be for a personal account, not a business account.
- be in either your name or the name(s) of your biological parents / legal adoptive parents (step-parents' accounts are not acceptable).
- be on official stationery or an electronic record.
- be written in English or have an accompanying translation by a certified translation office.
- show the bank's name and logo.
- show the account holder's full name and account details (account number and address).
- show the date of the closing balance, either as the last transaction date or as the closing balance date.
- show the balance of the account (amount available).
- show the currency (if it is not in the national currency of the country where the bank is located).
- show funds held in cash and that they are immediately available (not frozen). Stocks and shares, investment accounts or credit cards are **not** acceptable.
- not be a joint account, unless it is a joint account between your biological parents or between you and someone else.
- show that the required balance has been held continuously for **28 days**:
 - the amount must not have dropped (until after your application has been submitted). If the amount is held for 28 days, but then drops before you submit your application, you are likely to need to wait another 28 days.
 - the balance must not go below the required amount, even by 1 pence! At least that amount must be in the account on the date of the closing balance (the last transaction date).
- not be more than 31 days old:
 - if the last transaction (withdrawal or deposit) was more than 31 days before the statement was issued, then you should make a small deposit to refresh the balance.
- not have any pages missing!

UKVI may contact your bank to verify your funds. Make sure your bank statement includes a direct contact number and let your bank know that you are applying for a UK visa.

Funding method 1: Self-funded (continued)

You may also use money held by a parent or legal guardian. In addition to a bank statement or bank letter, you must also provide the following:

- a birth certificate naming the account holder as your parent **or** an official document naming the account holder as your legal guardian.
- a signed letter from the account holder giving you permission to use their money for your studies.

You can use multiple bank accounts, as long as they follow the rules above, and the combined amount during the 28 day period is sufficient. The bank statements should be issued on the same day. If you use multiple accounts, then you should write a short statement to summarise the lowest balance for each account, and also show the lowest balance for both accounts combined, to make it easier for the Entry Clearance Officer.

Funding method 2: Government sponsored

You must provide an original financial guarantee letter on official letter-headed paper, issued for your current period of study. It should be stamped, and show:

- your name.
- the name and contact details of your official financial sponsor.
- the date of the letter — if not recent, you should consider asking for an updated one.
- the length of your sponsorship.
- the amount of money the sponsor is giving to you, or it should say that your sponsor will pay for all your fees and living costs.

NB. If the financial guarantee does not cover all the tuition fees and living costs, you will need a bank statement to show the rest of the balance.

Under 18

If you are under 18 years old at the time you apply for your visa, the following requirements will apply:

- Your parents will need to complete a letter stating that they give you permission to travel and live independently in the UK.
 - both your parents must complete this letter.
 - if one parent has sole custody awarded by a court (or sole custody due to one parent being deceased), then only that parent will need to complete the letter, and provide evidence of that sole custody.
- You will need to provide evidence of your relationship with your parent(s); such as your birth certificate / adoption certificate.
- You will require these documents even if you will be 18 when the course starts, as UKVI will use your age on the date you paid for your visa application.

Please note: you must apply for a Student visa, not Child Student visa.

SELT – Do I need a Secure English Language Test (SELT)?

If you are not a national of an English speaking country, you are generally required to have a UKVI-approved Secure English Language Test (SELT) certificate in order to apply for your Student visa. The test needs to be at least B1 level and test all four skills (reading, writing, listening and speaking). The full list of tests you can take and where you can take them can be found on the UKVI website. gov.uk/guidance/prove-your-english-language-abilities-with-a-secure-english-language-test-selt

You must enter your SELT scores and your SELT reference number in your online application.

SELT Exemptions

You will not need to provide a SELT with your application if any of the following apply:

- You have provided evidence of your English language level in a previous successful UK visa application
- You have an undergraduate degree or higher from a UK university
- You have a qualification equivalent to UK undergraduate degree or higher in one of the following countries and an English Proficiency and Qualification Comparison from ECCTIS:

• Antigua and Barbuda	• British Overseas Territories	• Jamaica	• St Vincent and the Grenadines
• Australia	• Dominica	• Malta	• Trinidad and Tobago
• Bahamas	• Grenada	• New Zealand	• United States of America
• Barbados	• Guyana	• St Kitts and Nevis	
• Belize	• Ireland	• St Lucia	
- You are a national of one of the above countries, or Canada
- You have a qualification equivalent to a UK undergraduate degree or higher that was taught in English, and you also have an English Proficiency and Qualification Comparison from ECCTIS
- You have a GCSE, an International GCSE, an A level, a Scottish National Qualification at level 4 or 5 or a Scottish Higher or Advanced Higher in English (language or literature), taken in a UK school while you were under 18
- You have a GCSE level qualification or above in Welsh, Scots Gaelic, or Irish language

For more information please visit gov.uk/student-visa/knowledge-of-english

Academics

Further evidence used for your application will be stated on your CAS – this might be your degree certificate, high school transcript, or graduation certificate. You can submit the original document or a copy with your application. You should also submit certified translations if your original documents are not issued in English. If you have lost the academic document mentioned on your CAS, please let us know. If you have any questions about what documents to submit, please ask your agent or the visa counsellor.

Translations

UKVI require any document that is not issued in English to have a certified translation accompanying it. This even applies to bank statements. Translations must contain:

- the date of the translation
- the translator / an authorised official of the translation company's full name and signature
- the translator / translation company's contact details
- confirmation from the translator / translation company that it is an accurate translation of the original document

Immigration Health Surcharge (IHS)

As well as the visa application fees, students coming to the UK for more than 6 months will be required to pay an additional fee which will enable you to access NHS services. It is a compulsory payment made as part of the visa application, and you will be unable to make your visa application without paying this fee. For more information, please visit: gov.uk/healthcare-immigration-application

Tuberculosis (TB) Test

Some students, who are coming to the UK for more than 6 months, will be required to take a UKVI Tuberculosis test in order to apply for a UK visa. If you are living in a country where this is required by UKVI, then you will need to take the test. If you have lived in a country that does not require it for 6 months, and have left the country no more than 6 months ago, then you do not need a TB test. More information about which countries require the TB test can be found at: gov.uk/tb-test-visa/countries-where-you-need-a-tb-test-to-enter-the-uk

Dependants

Most Kaplan students will not be able to bring dependants with them while studying at the college. Dependants mean a spouse / partner, or a child under 18. Students who are government-sponsored and studying a course longer than 6 months are permitted to bring their dependants on a Student dependant visa.

eVisas

Biometric Residence Permits (BRPs) were discontinued at the end of October 2024. From 15 July 2025, Entry Clearance visa stickers are also no longer issued in passports. You will only receive an online immigration status called an eVisa and will need a share code to prove your immigration status to your College.

More information is available at: gov.uk/guidance/online-immigration-status-evisa.

Checking your visa

When you have created your UKVI account and can access your eVisa, check it carefully, along with any other documents you receive, to make sure everything is correct. You also need to make sure your personal details in your UKVI account are up to date and your travel document (e.g., passport) is linked to your eVisa before you travel. If there are any errors on your eVisa, you must report online at: gov.uk/evisa/report-error-evisa.

Interviews

You may be asked to attend a credibility interview as part of your visa application. The interview will be conducted online.

You will be asked questions about your course, your reasons for studying in the UK, and your family background. Make sure you give honest answers! It is important to research the College, the course, and the city you will be living in. If the interviewer is not happy that you are a genuine student, your application will be refused.

Frequently Asked Questions

I have 2 nationalities – which passport do I use to get the Student visa?

If you are SELT exempt because of one of your passports, you should use that one to apply for the visa. If there is no difference in the documents required for each passport, then you should use the one with the fastest processing time, or the one belonging to the country you are currently living in (if applicable). It is your choice.

My parent(s) will be working or studying in the UK; do I need a Student visa?

If your parent(s) are applying for a work or Student visa, and you are under 18, then you might be able to come to as their dependant. Speak to your parents and let us know their decision.

My high school taught me in English; do I need a SELT certificate?

If you are not a national of an English-speaking country, then you will need an SELT certificate, even if you were taught in English. We can only accept degree level courses taught in English as evidence of your English level.

A family member will be paying for my education; can I use his bank statement?

Your family member can pay the tuition fees, but you cannot use this bank statement for the visa application. You can only use a bank statement in the name of your parent(s) or legal guardian(s).

I am under 18 and my parents are divorced; whom do I ask to sign my parental consent letter?

If one of your parents has legal sole custody awarded by a court, then only that parent will be required to sign your parental consent letter. If your parents have joint custody, then both parents will be required to sign it.

My passport expires soon; what should I do?

If possible, renew your passport before receiving your CAS and applying for your visa. Make sure that you give us your new passport details. If you apply with your old passport and then get a new one, you will need to get your visa transferred to your new passport, and this can take time.

I have lost my original academic documents; what do I do?

Original documents are no longer required for visa applications. However, you will need to bring the original to the college for registration. Please contact your previous school or university to get a replacement.

Do I need to have a UK address before I can apply for a Student visa?

Yes, you will need to provide a UK address as part of your application, even if it is just a temporary address like a hotel.

I previously got a visa refusal; can I apply for a Student visa?

If you have previously received a refusal, please send us a copy of it so we can avoid impact on your new visa application. We can request additional documents from you to try to prevent you getting another refusal.

Who is my Student visa sponsor?

On your CAS, it will say 'Sponsor name'. Please use this if asked for the name of your sponsor.

My visa application is taking a long time; can you contact the UKVI for me?

If your application has taken longer than the standard processing time, we can contact UKVI for an update. Please contact us for more details.

My parents want to travel with me when I arrive in the UK; can you send them an invitation letter?

We cannot issue invitation letters, but your parents do not need one. They should submit a copy of your CAS, a letter from you, and a copy of your visa (if you already have it).

Am I allowed to work?

Students at all colleges can work 10 hours per week during term-time and full-time during holiday periods.

How long can I stay in the UK after my course has finished?

Length of course	Length of stay allowed
Less than 6 months	The full length of the course plus 1 week at the end
Between 6 and 12 months	The full length of the course plus 2 month at the end
12 months or more	The full length of the course plus 4 months at the end

Do I have to go home to apply for my university visa or can I stay in the UK?

If your university course starts within 28 days of your Student permission expiry date, you will be able to extend it in the UK. If the gap is longer than 28 days, you will need to return home to submit a new visa application.

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